

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# **DOW AGROSCIENCES LIMITED**

Safety Data Sheet according to Reg. (EU) No 2015/830

Product name: KERB™ FLO Herbicide Revision Date: 17.08.2018

Version: 3.1

Date of last issue: 26.07.2017

**Print Date:** 17.08.2018

DOW AGROSCIENCES LIMITED encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container.

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: KERB™ FLO Herbicide

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Plant Protection Product Herbicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

DOW AGROSCIENCES LIMITED CPC2 CAPITAL PARK FULBOURN CAMBRIDGE England CB21 5XE UNITED KINGDOM

**Customer Information Number:** 

SDSQuestion@dow.com

1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 0031 115 694 982 **Local Emergency Contact:** 00 31 115 69 4982

# **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Carcinogenicity - Category 2 - H351 Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 1 - H400 Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 1 - H410

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## 2.2 Label elements

## Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

# **Hazard pictograms**





Signal word: WARNING

### **Hazard statements**

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Precautionary statements**

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or

collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-

hazardous waste.

# Supplemental information

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for

use.

EUH208 Contains: 2-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 6-hydroxy-, polymer with formaldehyde and

methylphenol, sodium salt; 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic

reaction.

Contains Propyzamide (ISO)

## 2.3 Other hazards

No data available

# **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

# 3.2 Mixtures

This product is a mixture.

CASRN/	REACH			Classification:
EC-No./	Registration	Concentration	Component	REGULATION (EC) No
Index-No.	Number		•	1272/2008

CASRN 23950-58-5 EC-No. 245-951-4 Index-No. 616-055-00-4	_	35.1%	Propyzamide (ISO)	Carc 2 - H351 Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410
CASRN 57-55-6 EC-No. 200-338-0 Index-No.	01-2119456809-23	< 5.0 %	Propylene glycol	Not classified
CASRN 68540-70-5 EC-No. – Index-No.	_	< 5.0 %	2- Naphthalenesulfoni c acid, 6-hydroxy-, polymer with formaldehyde and methylphenol, sodium salt	Eye Irrit 2 - H319 Skin Sens 1 - H317

If present in this product, any not classified components disclosed above for which no country specific OEL value(s) is(are) indicated under Section 8, are being disclosed as voluntarily disclosed components.

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: No emergency medical treatment necessary.

Skin contact: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.

Eye contact: Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**Ingestion:** No emergency medical treatment necessary.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Notes to physician: No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the

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product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

# **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but will be less effective.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Under fire conditions some components of this product may decompose. The smoke may contain unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Nitrogen oxides. Hydrogen chloride. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: This material will not burn until the water has evaporated. Residue can burn.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Burning liquids may be extinguished by dilution with water. Burning liquids may be moved by flushing with water to protect personnel and minimize property damage. To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

# **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.
- **6.2 Environmental precautions:** Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.
- **6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Absorb with materials such as: Clay. Dirt. Sand. Sweep up. Collect in suitable and

properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

**6.4 Reference to other sections:** References to other sections, if applicable, have been provided in the previous sub-sections.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

- **7.1 Precautions for safe handling:** Keep out of reach of children. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use with adequate ventilation. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.
- **7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:** Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.
- 7.3 Specific end use(s): Refer to product label.

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# 8.1 Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value/Notation
Propylene glycol	US WEEL	TWA	10 mg/m3
	GB EH40	TWA	474 mg/m3 150 ppm
	GB EH40	TWA	10 mg/m3
	GB EH40	TWA particles	10 mg/m3
	GB EH40	TWA Total vapour and particles	474 mg/m3 150 ppm

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

## **Derived No Effect Level**

Propylene glycol

#### Workers

Acute systemic effects		Acute loc	cal effects	Long-term systemic Long-term lo		local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	168 mg/m3	n.a.	10 mg/m3

## **Consumers**

Acute systemic effects		Acute lo	cal effects	Long-te	rm systemi	c effects	•	rm local ects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation

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n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	50	n.a.	n.a.	10
						mg/m3			mg/m3

#### **Predicted No Effect Concentration**

Propylene glycol

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water	260 mg/l
Marine water	26 mg/l
Intermittent use/release	183 mg/l
Sewage treatment plant	20000 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	572 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
Marine sediment	57.2 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
Soil	50 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering controls:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations.

## **Individual protection measures**

**Eye/face protection:** Use safety glasses (with side shields). Safety glasses (with side shields) should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent.

## Skin protection

Hand protection: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 4 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 120 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 1 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 10 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved air-purifying respirator. Use the following CE approved air-purifying respirator: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter, type AP2 (meeting standard EN 14387).

# **Environmental exposure controls**

See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Liquid.
Color tan
Odor Mild

Odor Threshold No data available

pH 7.91 pH Electrode (1% aqueous suspension)

Melting point/range Not applicable

Freezing point -5 °C

Boiling point (760 mmHg) No data available

Flash point closed cup > 100 °C Closed Cup

**Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate** 

= 1)

No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) No

Lower explosion limitNo data availableUpper explosion limitNo data availableVapor PressureNo data availableRelative Vapor Density (air = 1)No data available

Relative Density (water = 1) 1.133

Water solubility

No data available

Partition coefficient: n
No data available

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature > 400 °C

Decomposition temperatureNo data availableDynamic ViscosityNo data availableKinematic ViscosityNo data availableExplosive propertiesNot explosive

Oxidizing properties No, No significant increase (>5C) in temperature.

9.2 Other information

**Liquid Density** 1.133 g/cm3 at 20 °C *Digital density meter* 

Molecular weight No data available

**Surface tension** 61.5 mN/m at25 °C *EC Method A5* 

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

- **10.1 Reactivity:** No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
- 10.2 Chemical stability: Thermally stable at recommended temperatures and pressures.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Polymerization will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid: Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials: None known.
- **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:** Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Hydrogen chloride. Nitrogen oxides.

# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

# Acute oral toxicity

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

For similar material(s):

LD50, Rat, female, > 5,000 mg/kg

## Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

For similar material(s):

LD50, Rat, male and female, > 5,000 mg/kg

## Acute inhalation toxicity

No adverse effects are anticipated from inhalation. Based on the available data, respiratory irritation was not observed.

For similar material(s):

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5.19 mg/l

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.

Corneal injury is unlikely.

#### Sensitization

For similar material(s):

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

## Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

# Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

For the active ingredient(s):

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Adrenal gland.

Kidney.

Liver.

Ovaries.

Pancreas.

Thyroid.

## Carcinogenicity

For the active ingredient(s): Has caused cancer in laboratory animals.

## **Teratogenicity**

For the active ingredient(s): Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

## Reproductive toxicity

For the active ingredient(s): In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

# Mutagenicity

For the active ingredient(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

### **Aspiration Hazard**

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

#### 12.1 Toxicity

# Acute toxicity to fish

Based on information for component(s):

Material is slightly toxic to fish on an acute basis (LC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L).

For similar material(s):

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), flow-through test, 96 Hour, 53.6 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

# Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Material is slightly toxic to aquatic invertebrates on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L).

For similar material(s):

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), flow-through test, 48 Hour, > 99.2 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

# Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Based on information for component(s):

Material is very highly toxic to some aquatic vascular plant species.

For similar material(s):

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 10.4 mg/l

For the active ingredient(s):

ErC50, Myriophyllum spicatum, 14 Hour, 0.021 mg/l

For the active ingredient(s):

NOEC, Myriophyllum spicatum, 14 Hour, 0.00006 mg/l

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

# Propyzamide (ISO)

**Biodegradability:** Biodegradation may occur under aerobic conditions (in the presence of oxygen).

No data available

## Stability in Water (1/2-life)

Hydrolysis, pH 5 - 9, Stable

#### Propylene glycol

**Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Biodegradation may occur under anaerobic conditions (in the absence of oxygen).

10-day Window: Pass **Biodegradation:** 81 % **Exposure time:** 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

10-day Window: Not applicable **Biodegradation:** 96 % **Exposure time:** 64 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 306 or Equivalent

# 2-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 6-hydroxy-, polymer with formaldehyde and methylphenol, sodium salt

**Biodegradability:** Material is inherently biodegradable (reaches > 20% biodegradation in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

**Biodegradation:** 60 % **Exposure time:** 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B or Equivalent

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## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

## Propyzamide (ISO)

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 3

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 49 Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

# Propylene glycol

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): -1.07 Measured

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.09 Estimated.

# <u>2-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 6-hydroxy-, polymer with formaldehyde and methylphenol, sodium salt</u>

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

# Propyzamide (ISO)

Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500 and 2000).

Partition coefficient (Koc): 840 Measured

## Propylene glycol

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

Partition coefficient (Koc): < 1 Estimated.

# <u>2-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 6-hydroxy-, polymer with formaldehyde and methylphenol, sodium salt</u>

No relevant data found.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

## Propyzamide (ISO)

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

## Propylene glycol

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

# 2-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 6-hydroxy-, polymer with formaldehyde and methylphenol, sodium salt

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

## Propyzamide (ISO)

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

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## Propylene glycol

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

# 2-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 6-hydroxy-, polymer with formaldehyde and methylphenol, sodium salt

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

The definitive assignment of this material to the appropriate EWC group and thus its proper EWC code will depend on the use that is made of this material. Contact the authorized waste disposal services.

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

# Classification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID):

**14.1 UN number** UN 3082

**14.2 UN proper shipping name** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.(Propyzamide)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 914.4 Packing group ||||

**14.5 Environmental hazards** Propyzamide

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazard Identification Number: 90

#### Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

**14.1 UN number** UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.(Propyzamide)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 914.4 Packing group ||||

14.5 Environmental hazards Propyzamide14.6 Special precautions for user EmS: F-A, S-F

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code

## Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

**14.1 UN number** UN 3082

**14.2 UN proper shipping name** Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid,

n.o.s.(Propyzamide)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 914.4 Packing group ||||

14.5 Environmental hazards Not applicable14.6 Special precautions for user No data available.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# REACh Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

This product contains only components that have been either pre-registered, registered, are exempt from registration, are regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).,The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer 's/user's responsibility to ensure thathis/her understanding of the regulatory status of this product is correct.

# Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Listed in Regulation: ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Number in Regulation: E1

100 t 200 t

## Other regulations

Registration Number: 13716

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### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Carc. - 2 - H351 - Calculation method

Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 - Calculation method Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410 - Calculation method

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DAS Code: GF-3300

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this

document.

# Legend

GB EH40	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
TWA	8-hr TWA
US WEEL	USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)
Aquatic Acute	Acute aquatic toxicity
Aquatic Chronic	Chronic aquatic toxicity
Carc.	Carcinogenicity
Eye Irrit.	Eye irritation
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil

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Aviation Organization: IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: IMDG -International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organization: ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory: LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population: LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention: PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance: PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory: TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances: TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

## **Information Source and References**

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

DOW AGROSCIENCES LIMITED urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

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